

**Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, local government, South Carolina, 2019**

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	17.9	14.0	14.0	12.1	15.5	5.3	21.3	6
Gender:									
Male	100.0	15.4	17.9	14.6	10.6	19.5	4.9	17.1	6
Female	100.0	21.4	9.5	13.1	13.1	9.5	4.8	27.4	7
Age:									
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	100.0	--	90.9	--	--	--	--	--	2
20 - 24	100.0	--	--	28.6	--	--	--	--	4
25 - 34	100.0	10.3	7.7	17.9	17.9	12.8	10.3	20.5	9
35 - 44	100.0	35.9	7.7	12.8	5.1	12.8	5.1	17.9	4
45 - 54	100.0	15.6	9.4	14.1	14.1	14.1	3.1	29.7	8
55 - 64	100.0	14.0	14.0	11.6	7.0	30.2	4.7	18.6	13
65 and over	100.0	--	--	--	40.0	--	--	40.0	9
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	50.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	3
3 - 11 months	100.0	13.5	32.4	10.8	--	5.4	5.4	29.7	4
1 - 5 years	100.0	27.4	7.1	8.3	10.7	21.4	7.1	17.9	8
5 years or more	100.0	9.8	13.4	20.7	17.1	13.4	3.7	20.7	6
Race or ethnic origin <sup>2</sup> :									
White	100.0	16.5	18.4	10.7	9.7	23.3	4.9	16.5	7
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	--	--	--	66.7	--	--	--	6
Black or African American	100.0	20.0	15.0	12.5	10.0	5.0	7.5	30.0	8
Asian	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaska Native	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Hispanic and other	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 23, 2020